



A Quick Guide for managing very low blood sugar.¹



Look out for one or more of these early symptoms of low blood sugar²:

- Shakiness
- Dizziness
- Blurred vision
- Combative behavior
- Trouble answering basic questions

If not treated, very low blood sugar may lead to confusion, seizures, unconsciousness or death.²

Gvoke® Pre-Filled Syringe (PFS) can be used when you experience any of the following²:



Have tried correcting with food or drink and it isn't working



Are unable to swallow safely



Feel like passing out



Pass out or have a seizure

Gvoke PFS is used to treat very low blood sugar in adults and kids ages 2 and above.¹

Please see [Important Safety Information](#).

**Anyone can use Gvoke PFS to bring
blood sugar up to safe levels with just 2 steps.¹⁻³**

You can even give Gvoke PFS to yourself in certain situations.²

1

Prepare

Pull cap straight off the syringe.



2

Inject

Pinch the skin and insert the needle at a 90-degree angle. Push the plunger down as far as it will go.



Administer into upper arm, stomach, or thigh.

**After using Gvoke PFS, turn person on their side if they
have passed out or are seizing. Call for emergency help.²**

Please see Gvoke PFS Instructions for Use for full detailed instructions at [GvokeGlucagon.com](https://www.GvokeGlucagon.com).

Show those around you how to use Gvoke PFS before an emergency happens.
They may need to administer it if you have a severe low blood sugar event.²

**Write down where you'll store Gvoke PFS
so those around you know where to find it.**

Store at room temperature. Do not refrigerate.¹

Indication and Important Safety Information

GVOKE is a prescription medicine used to treat very low blood sugar (severe hypoglycemia) in adults and kids with diabetes ages 2 years and above. It is not known if GVOKE is safe and effective in children under 2 years of age.

WARNINGS

Do not use GVOKE if:

- you have a tumor in the gland on top of your kidneys (adrenal gland), called a pheochromocytoma
- you have a tumor in your pancreas, called either an insulinoma or a glucagonoma
- you are allergic to glucagon or any other inactive ingredient in GVOKE

GVOKE MAY CAUSE SERIOUS SIDE EFFECTS, INCLUDING:

High blood pressure. GVOKE can cause high blood pressure in certain people with tumors in their adrenal glands.

Low blood sugar. GVOKE can cause low blood sugar in certain people with tumors in their pancreas.

Serious skin rash. GVOKE can cause a serious skin rash in certain people with a tumor in their pancreas called a glucagonoma.

Serious allergic reaction. Call your doctor or **get medical help right away** if you have a serious allergic reaction including:

- rash
- difficulty breathing
- low blood pressure

COMMON SIDE EFFECTS

The most common side effects of GVOKE include:

- nausea
- vomiting
- swelling at the injection site
- headache

The most common side effects of GVOKE in children include:

- nausea
- low blood sugar
- high blood sugar
- vomiting
- abdominal pain
- headache
- pain or redness at the injection site
- itching

These are not all the possible side effects of GVOKE. For more information, ask your doctor. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. **You are encouraged to report side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.**

BEFORE USING

Before using GVOKE, tell your doctor about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- have adrenal gland problems
- have a tumor in your pancreas
- have not had food or water for a long time (prolonged fasting or starvation)
- have low blood sugar that does not go away (chronic hypoglycemia)
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed

Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

HOW TO USE

- Read the detailed Instructions for Use that come with GVOKE
- Use GVOKE exactly how your healthcare provider tells you to use it
- Make sure your relatives, close friends, and caregivers know where you store GVOKE and how to use it the right way before you need their help
- Act quickly. Having very low blood sugar for a period of time may be harmful
- Your healthcare provider will tell you how and when to use GVOKE
- After giving GVOKE, your caregiver should call for emergency medical help right away
- If you do not respond after 15 minutes, your caregiver may give you another dose, if available

Tell your healthcare provider each time you use GVOKE. Low blood sugar may happen again after receiving an injection of GVOKE. Your diabetes medicine may need to be changed.

HOW TO STORE

- Keep GVOKE in the foil pouch until you are ready to use it
- Store GVOKE at temperatures between 68°F and 77°F
- Do not keep it in the refrigerator or let it freeze

Keep GVOKE and all medicines out of the reach of children.

For more information, call 1-877-937-4737 or go to www.GvokeGlucagon.com.

Please see the [Full Prescribing Information](#) for Gvoke PFS. [GvokeGlucagon.com](#)

References: 1. Gvoke [prescribing information]. Chicago, IL: Xeris Pharmaceuticals, Inc; 2021. 2. Gvoke Pre-Filled Syringe [instructions for use]. Chicago, IL: Xeris Pharmaceuticals, Inc; 2019. 3. Newswanger B, Prestrelski S, Andre AD. Human factors studies of a prefilled syringe with stable liquid glucagon in a simulated severe hypoglycemia rescue situation. *Expert Opin Drug Deliv*. 2019;16(9):1015-1025.

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